

... this is not how we teach swimming in Faroese schools!

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A nerd with interest for spineless snails



HELGI WINTHER OLSEN nørdur við áhuga fyri ryggleysum sniglum



Fascination Curiosity Drive

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So, what is swimming in Faroese schools?



... this is not how we teach swimming in the Faroese schools!

National curriculum

Swimming

The core area of swimming includes **the skills to** swim, to strengthen the student's ability to swim. This core area also includes information on **training** and swimming-related hazards, such as basic lifesaving techniques and first aid.

The pupil should be able to:

• water safety and self-saving • to take the **swimming** test in **Nósi**, where possible

Grade 3-4 7-8 yr

Grade 1-2

7-8 yr

- to point out and explain about various **rescue methods** and first aid

Grade 5-6 11-12 yr

- Grade 7-9 13-15 yr
- Grade 10 16 yr

• and knows different ways to save themselves.

• or knows **rescue/self-rescue techniques**

- or knows how to help if and accident occurs without endangering themself
- breaststroke, crawl, backcrawl, self-rescue swimming, saving a tires swimmer.
- to act and behave safely in water and afloat (á floti!).
 - to further develop their skills from previous levels.

Why should we learn to swim in the Faroe Islands?

National curriculum

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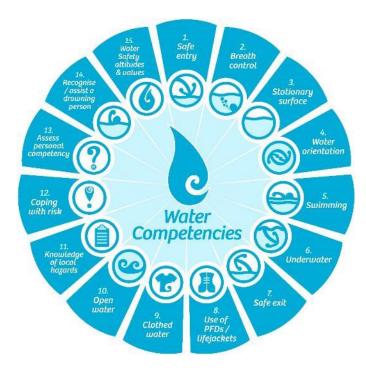
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Prevent drowning?



... aquatically Physically literate?

Vatnvanur?

... at home in water?

... aquatically

Physically literate?

Vatnvanur?

Prevent drowning?

Does current swim teaching transfer the curriculum?

@GilliPhotography





Schooling for Aquatic Literacy How do we become vaturon?



THE EFFECT A Faroe Islander's Quest for Swimming Glory

ROD GILMOUR

...Nation's.

Change the Paradigm— Develop Physical Literacy in Aquatic Environments



...the concept of swimming ability be replaced by the more encompassing notion of water competence with regards to drowning prevention. [sic] ~(Brenner, Moran, Stallman, Gilchrist, & McVan, 2006, p. 116)



Dudley 2019, Physical Literacy in Aquatic Environments

Where are we now?

"... highly prescriptive and controlled swimming programs are often supported by government and reinforced by school curricula."

What would need to change?

"...A questioning of the command and highly controlled learning model that is predominantly being used."

Where do we want to be?

1. Dynamic programs with exposure to multiple situations.

2. Model-based on a wide range of swimming competencies.

3. Models constructed on all domains of physical literacy.

What do we observe from school-swimming?



Student observations 12-year-olds

They always start swimming 20 lanes... and the final 5 lanes the pupils decide how they swim.

The teachers use 30 minutes for this activity and after that, **everyone can play**.

Somehow it seemed like this was normal for them – they did it because they knew they had to do it.

Student: Is it fun to swim?

Child: Yes.

Student : I won't tell anyone.

Chld: Okay, it sucks.

Student: What sucks?

Child: I cannot breathe and when I have swum for a while I get a headache. And there is no room to swim.

******* FRÓÐSKAPARSETUR FØROYA Menuersity of the faroe islands

Why not play to learn?

Student: Is it fun to swim?

Child: I do not like to be last, because the others get to play.



Student observations 12-year-olds

Student: How can it be that you are not swimming today?
Child: Because I do not want to, I do not find it fun to swim.
Student: Do you usually swim?
Child: No.
Student: Do you think it is fun to swim?
Child: No, not like this.

...when we later asked the teachers how it was with this student, they said: "Ooh, that student, this is one of the good students and he actually always swims. The reason he's not swimming today is because he's been to the dentist".

What somehow surprises me is that the pupil and teacher do not say the same.

******* FRÓÐSKAPARSETUR FØROYA

How do we teach PETE to promote an understanding of transfer with students?

How does a movement mean?

* Meaning is like a number of other <u>elusive concepts</u>. You know it, when you see it, but it is hard to describe it in its absence.

Fortunately, most of us have seen it. Meaningful movement has impacted our life for the better. Our personal stories have been shaped by it. We identify ourselves as bikers, swimmers, table tennis players, hikers.

We do not need to be told that delight can be found running across a grassy field or careening down snowy mountain slopes.

> "The trick is to find ways to help others negotiate the same journey."

> > R. Scott Kretchmar *

* Fletcher et al. 2021, Meaningful Physical Education

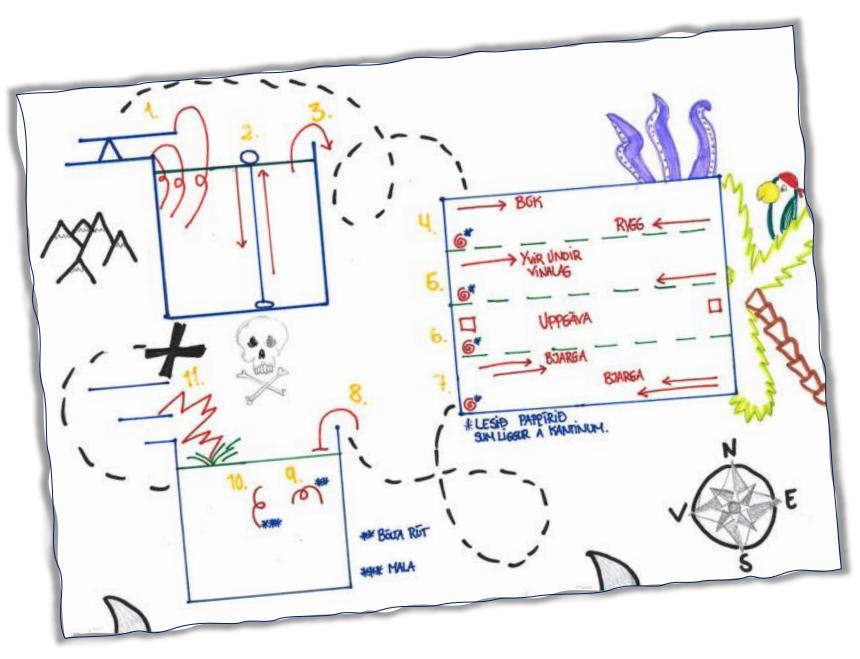
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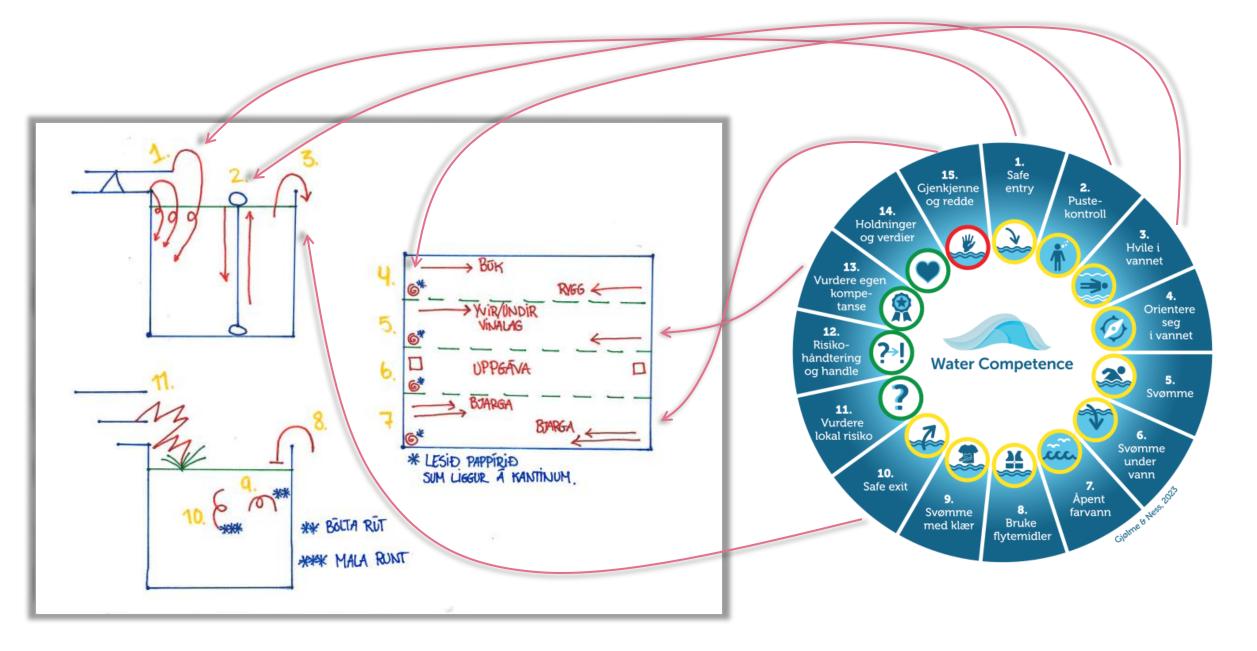
Where does the journey start?











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Then, how do we picture a Faroese society that has become **VATNVANUR?**





My grandmother has swum for as long as I can remember.

She possesses such a great genuineness and such respect for the ocean.

I've never encountered any other human able to share such a bond with anything – but another fellow human.

Because it's not really that much about swimming. It's about human and nature.

A love story about her and the ocean.

... we never look for the simplest solution. Which might exist just outside their front door like for example the ocean.

<u>Link to video</u>





Thank you

Elizabeth Blank